

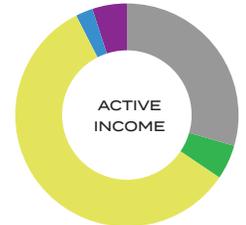
ACTIVE INCOME STRATEGY OVERVIEW

Astor Active Income employs a fundamental approach to income investing, assessing risk and opportunity across the capital market spectrum. It is designed to be a portfolio complement to traditional income strategies, using an active approach to fixed income investing. It seeks to find the asset mix that provides a more attractive yield-to-risk ratio compared to that of intermediate-term treasury bonds.

- Analysis of macroeconomics, interest rates and credit data to make appropriate adjustments to duration, credit quality and equity income exposure in an effort to reduce volatility and minimize principal risk
- Seeks to add value through diversification and exposure adjustments to credit and duration in order to reduce the impact of adverse credit and rate conditions
- Attempts to generate returns during any market environment; may invest in equity and other non-fixed income asset classes to complement the portfolio's overall fixed income view

TARGET HOLDINGS

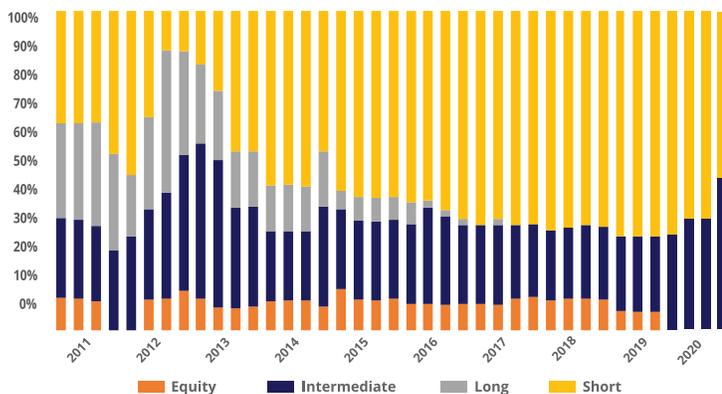
CATEGORY	SEPTEMBER 2020	AUGUST 2020
High Yield	29.5%	24.5%
Senior Loan	5.0%	5.0%
Investment Grade	58.0%	58.0%
Cash	2.5%	2.5%
Treasury	5.0%	10.0%



The allocations presented are target allocations for the period indicated as determined by Astor's Investment Committee. Any individual investor's portfolio may be allocated differently than presented here due to many factors, including but not limited to, timing of entry into the investment program, discretionary decisions by the clients and referring advisors, and custodial limitations or the manner in which trades are executed. Allocations do not include cash or cash equivalents. Allocations are subject to change without notice.

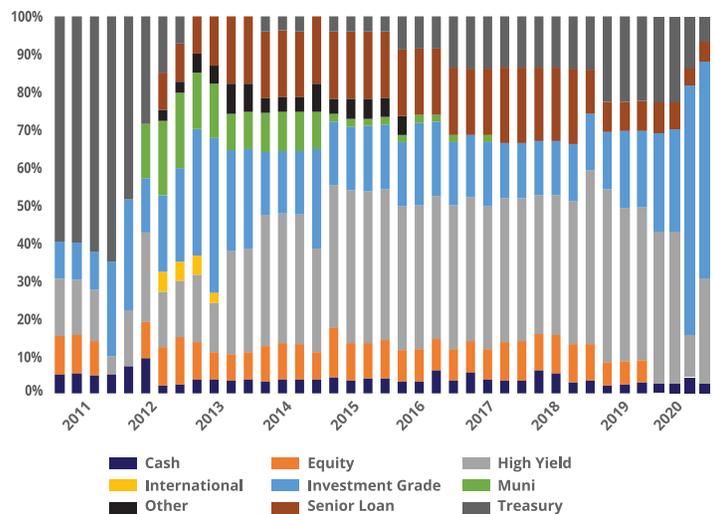
HISTORICAL ALLOCATION BY DURATION*

AS OF 9/30/2020



HISTORICAL ALLOCATION BY CATEGORY*

AS OF 9/30/2020



*All information presented is calculated based on the asset allocations of accounts in the Active Income Composite as of the quarter ending date only and do not account for the asset allocations during the quarter. Asset allocations are no indication of portfolio performance.

PERFORMANCE

AS OF 9/30/2020

ANNUALIZED	Q3 2020	YTD	1-YR	3-YR	5-YR	7-YR	Since Inception 3/11/2011	Standard Deviation	Duration*	Yield*	Avg Credit Quality*
Active Income (pure gross)	1.20%	-1.18%	-0.15%	2.50%	3.48%	3.15%	3.41%	3.84	2.80	2.95	BBB+
Active Income (net)	0.57%	-3.02%	-2.31%	0.91%	2.00%	1.67%	1.82%	3.98	2.80	2.95	BBB+
Barclays Cap U.S. Agg Bond Index	0.62%	6.79%	6.98%	5.24%	4.18%	3.97%	3.90%	2.96	6.42	2.28	AA

ANNUAL	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Active Income (pure gross)	4.90%	6.18%	1.04%	4.85%	-1.56%	6.31%	4.32%	-0.83%	9.25%
Active Income (net)	3.33%	4.29%	-0.83%	3.39%	-2.94%	5.00%	3.02%	-2.06%	7.90%
Barclays Cap U.S. Agg Bond Index	7.45%	4.22%	-2.02%	5.97%	0.55%	2.65%	3.54%	0.01%	8.72%

Source: Bloomberg, Astor. The performance data shown is through 9/30/2020 and represents past performance for the composites(s) defined on the following page. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted above. Past Performance is no guarantee of future results. Net of fee performance assumes the reinvestment of dividends. Gross of fee returns are shown as supplemental information only and represent "pure gross" returns. Pure gross returns are calculated before the deduction of all fees. Please refer to the accompanying disclosures for additional information concerning these results. *These statistics are calculated based on the composite holdings as of 9/30/20.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS:

Cash: An allocation of uninvested U.S. dollars or an investment in an exchange-traded fund that invests primarily in short-term debt instruments.

High Yield: An investment in an exchange-traded fund that invests primarily in the category of debt instruments which have a higher risk of default and thus pay a higher yield. These debt instruments are rated below a certain level by the major credit rating agencies due and are also known as “junk bonds.” (For Moody’s rating scale this generally means bonds rated Ba and lower and for Standard & Poor’s, bonds rated BB and lower.)

Senior Loan: An investment in an exchange-traded fund that invests primarily in debt obligations issued by financial institutions who hold legal claim to the borrower’s assets above all other debt obligations.

Investment Grade: An investment in an exchange-traded fund that invests primarily in the category of debt instruments which are rated above a certain level by the major credit rating agencies due to their increased likelihood of meeting payment obligations. (For Moody’s rating scale this generally means bonds rated Baa and higher and for Standard & Poor’s, bonds rated BBB and higher.)

Treasury: An investment in an exchange-traded fund that invests primarily in the debt obligations of the United States government including notes, bills, bonds, and inflated-protected securities (TIPS).

Duration: A measure of the price sensitivity of a bond when interest rates fluctuate, expressed in years. Astor calculates a modified duration and classifies short-term as between 0-3 years, intermediate-term as 3-7 years, and long-term as 7+ years.

Average Credit Quality: A measure of a debt issuer’s ability to meet interest and principal payment obligations as denoted by letter designations assigned by credit rating agencies, calculated as the average quality of the fixed income portion of the portfolio only based on Standard & Poor’s rating scale. (BBB- is classified as Investment Grade)

Standard Deviation: A statistical measure of the historical volatility of a mutual fund or portfolio, computed using monthly returns since inception and presented as an annualized figure. More generally, a measure of the extent to which numbers are spread around their average.

Weighted Modified Duration: The change in value (expressed in years) that a fixed income investment will experience from a one percent change in interest rates, calculated as the average effective duration of the fixed income portion of the portfolio only. Effective duration accounts for potential changes in cash flows when calculating the duration of bonds with embedded options.

Yield: The income return on an investment, calculated as the sum of the most recent dividend payments annualize (indicated yield), expressed as a percentage of the current value of the portfolio.

Muni: An investment in an exchange-traded fund that invests primarily in the debt obligations of states, municipalities, and counties. Interest earned on these obligations is exempt from federal tax and in certain cases, also state and local tax.

International Equity: An investment in an exchange-traded fund that invests primarily in the shares of publicly-traded companies domiciled outside of the United States.

Equity: An investment in an exchange-traded fund that invests primarily in the shares of publicly-traded companies.

Other: An investment in an exchange-traded fund that invests primarily in asset classes other than traditional equity and fixed income such as preferred stock.

DISCLOSURES:

Astor Investment Management, LLC (“Astor”) is defined for GIPS purposes as a registered investment adviser with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

Valuations are computed and performance is reported in U.S. dollars. Performance results assume the reinvestment of dividends. Certain client accounts may take dividends as distributions. Gross-of-fee returns are shown as supplemental information only and represent “pure gross” returns. “Pure gross” returns are calculated before the deduction of all fees, including trading, advisory, and administrative fees. A small number of client accounts may pay for trading costs as individual expenses and the gross-of-fees returns for these accounts would be net of trading expenses. The model fee is representative of the actual fees charged to client accounts which cover trading, advisory, and other costs. The model fee produces a more conservative estimate of performance than previously reported. For the period March 1, 2011 to June 30, 2018 net-of-fees returns were calculated by reducing quarterly gross-of-fees returns by an annual model fee of 1.50%, 1.80%, 1.85%, 1.40%, 1.40%, 1.25%, 1.25%, 1.25%, respectively for 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, and the portion of 2018. For the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2020 net-of-fees returns are calculated by reducing monthly gross-of-fees returns by an annual model fee of 1.25%, 1.25%, and 2.5%, respectively for 2018, 2019, and the current portion of 2020. Generally, accounts will pay for transaction costs within a bundled fee which may also include items such as advisory, administrative, and custodial fees. In addition to these expenses, Astor primarily purchases securities which contain embedded expenses. These costs result in a layering of fees. Please note performance results include accounts which pay trading costs separately and accounts which pay a bundled fee inclusive of advisory and trading costs. No performance-based fees are assessed. The annual fee paid by clients will typically range from 1.00%–3.00% of the clients’ assets under management. Astor receives a portion of this total fee as compensation for provided advisory services. Astor’s annual management fee varies based upon custodial arrangements, account size, and other factors. The performance shown is of the Active Income

Composite. The Active Income Composite is an actively managed strategy designed to produce income and to generate long-term capital appreciation by exclusively investing in exchange-traded funds (ETFs). The Composite invests primarily in fixed income securities and dividend-paying equities. The portfolio manager may, at their discretion, depart from the targeted allocation range when they feel that certain sections of the financial markets are over or under valued. The strategy may employ the use of unleveraged inverse exchange-traded funds, designed to track a single multiple of the daily inverse performance of a given index. For purposes of defining the composite of accounts, a minimum account size of \$25,000 is imposed monthly. The benchmark is the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index. The Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond is comprised of approximately 6,000 publicly traded bonds including U.S. Government, mortgage-backed, corporate and Yankee bonds with an average maturity of approximately 10 years. An investment cannot be made directly into an index. Barclays Agg Bond Index is a broad base index, maintained by Bloomberg L.P. since August 24th 2016, and is often used to represent investment grade bonds being traded in United States.

The Composite seeks to achieve its objectives by investing in Exchange-Traded Funds (“ETFs”). ETFs are subject to substantially the same risks as those associated with the direct ownership of the securities comprising the index on which the ETF is based. The value of an ETF will fluctuate in response to the performance of the underlying index or securities. ETFs are subject to investment advisory and other expenses which are separate from those fees charged by Astor. Therefore, investments in ETFs will result in a layering of expenses. Although ETFs are exchanged traded, a lack of demand can prevent daily pricing and liquidity from being available. Investors should carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the ETF held in the strategy before investing. This information can be found in each ETF’s prospectus.

The Composite can also purchase unleveraged, inverse fixed income ETFs. Inverse ETFs attempt to profit from the decline of an asset or asset class by seeking to track the opposite performance of the underlying benchmark or index. Inverse products attempt to achieve their stated objectives on a daily basis and can face additional risks due to this fact. The effect of compounding over a long period can cause a large dispersion between the ETF and the underlying benchmark or index. Inverse ETFs may lose money even when the benchmark or index performs as desired. Inverse ETFs have potential for significant loss and may not be suitable for all investors.

Astor Investment Management LLC is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment adviser. All information contained herein is for informational purposes only. This is not a solicitation to offer investment advice or services in any state where to do so would be unlawful. Analysis and research are provided for informational purposes only, not for trading or investing purposes. Astor and its affiliates are not liable for the accuracy, usefulness or availability of any such information or liable for any trading or investing based on such information. Opinions expressed are not intended as investment recommendations. These materials contain general information and have not been tailored for any specific recipient. These materials are not intended to cause Astor to become a fiduciary within the definition of Section 3(21)(A)(ii) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended or Section 4975(e)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. There is no assurance that Astor’s investment programs will produce profitable returns or that any account with have similar results. You may lose money. Past results are no guarantee of future results and no representation is made that a client will or is likely to achieve results that are similar to those shown. Factors impacting client returns include, but are not limited to, choice of custodian, individual investment objectives and risk tolerance, choice of investment program, account structure, timing of account inception, client imposed restrictions, and fees. Astor’s strategies are available in several investment formats and the aforementioned factors as well as Astor’s level of management and discretion will vary across the formats. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate and an investor’s equity, when liquidated, may be worth more or less than the original cost. An investment cannot be made directly into an index. Please refer to Astor’s Form ADV Part 2A Brochure for additional information regarding fees, risks, and services.

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